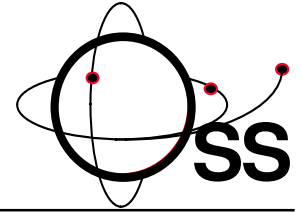




Astronomical Search for Origins



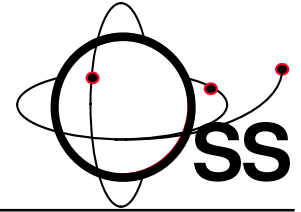
Report to the Origins Subcommittee

PHILIPPE CRANE
Origins Theme Scientist

Washington, D.C
December 2, 2002



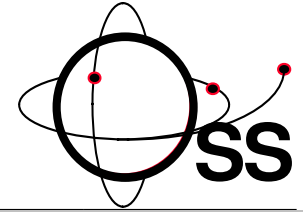
Astronomy/Physics Division



- Missions Updates
- Strategic Planning Update
- Explorer/Discovery
- ROSS-02 Results



Astronomical Search for Origins Mission Status



	Launch	STATUS	Comments		
HST	Feb '02	GRN	SM4 slip to Feb 05, funding an issue;		
JWST	June '09	GRN	TRW selected as prime contractor; Mission replan underway		
			Name changed to JWST		
SIRTF	01/03/02	YEL	Launch delayed until April 15 due to launch pad congestion and range repairs		
			.		
SOFIA	Dec '04	GRN	Telescope Assembly delivered to Waco; Structural modifications to the plane		
			are completed. First test flights in about 12 months		
SIM	Dec '09	GRN	Technology Milestones have been met. SIM on track to enter Phase B in mid		
			2003		
TPF	NET 2014	GRN	Sci Wrk Grp Selected, Technology Roadmap submitted; Science Roadmap		
			being developed; Phase 2 technology studies from NRA selected; LOA with ESA signed		
Keck Int.	2003	YEL	No major change since Jun report. Still no permits for Outriggers		
			Lawsuits continue		
KEPLER	2007	GRN	Grnd System and Sci Wrk Grp initial meeting held		
		GRN	Proceeding on Plan, only normal, minor problems		
		YEL	Significant Problems or Concerns but feasible plan to resolve		
		RED	Major Problems; Solution path unclear		
		*	As shown in the FY02 President's Budget Request		

December 2, 2002

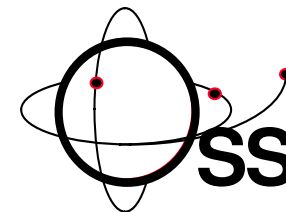
P. Crane OS Washington

3



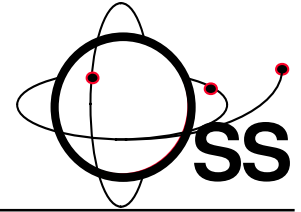
Astronomical Search for Origins

Mission Status

[illegible]



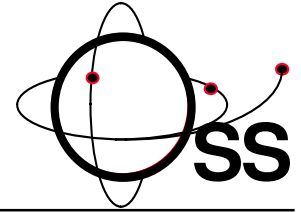
Astronomical Search for Origins Mission Status



- GP-B continues to be a drain on APD resources
 - Launch slip to late July very likely
- CHIPS will be launched on or about Dec 19
- GALEX will be launched probably in March 03.



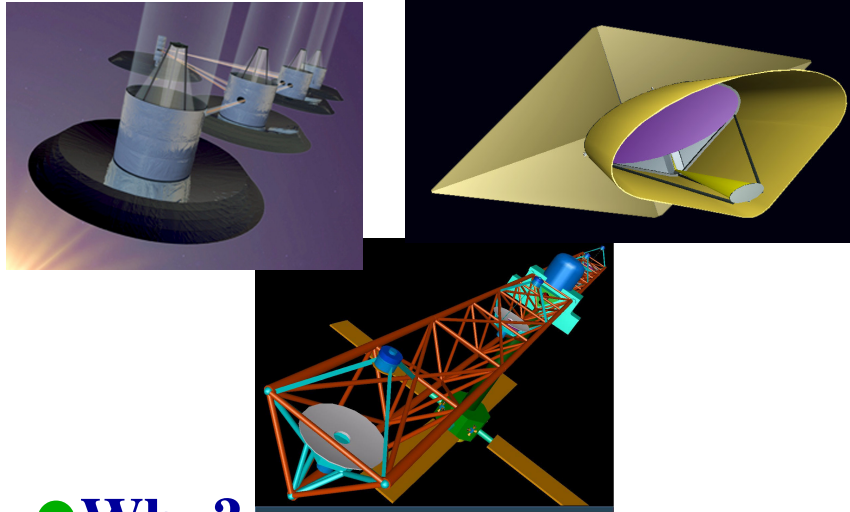
HST Cycle 11 Review



- HST TAC Review Committee report delivered
 - Membership: Alan Dressler, Juri Toomre, Sandy Faber, Piet van der Kruit, Steve Strom, Jaqueline Bergeron, Harvey Tananbaum
 - Results are generally positive
 - A few areas need attention like better feedback to proposers.
 - The System seems to be working



Terrestrial Planet Finder



● What?

- mid-IR nulling Interferometer (structurally connected or formation flying type) or visible-NIR Coronagraph
- Starlight suppression to 10^{-6} (mid-IR) or 10^{-9} (vis-nir)
- Launch Vehicle: EELV class
- L2 or Earth-trailing solar orbit
- 5 year mission life with 10 year goal
- Potential collaboration with European Space Agency DARWIN Mission

● Why?

- Survey a statistically significant number of solar type stars for Earth-mass planets by suppressing the light of the parent star and looking for the faint reflected vis-nir light or the thermal emission in the mid-ir from planets in the “habitable zone”
- Make low resolution spectral observations of the brightest planets looking for evidence of a *habitable* planet using signatures such as O_2 , CO_2 and H_2O .
- Make very sensitive, low resolution spectral observations the most interesting planets, looking for signposts of a planet inhabited by primitive life forms using potential biomarkers such as oxygen, ozone, or methane.
- Use TPF’s combination of sensitivity and spatial resolution to carry out a program of general astrophysics.

● When?

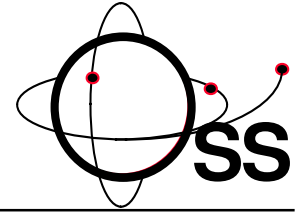
December 2, 2002

P. Crane OS Washington

Phase A in ≈ 2007 ; Phase B in $\approx 2009/10$; Phase C/D in ≈ 2012 ; Launch in ≈ 2015



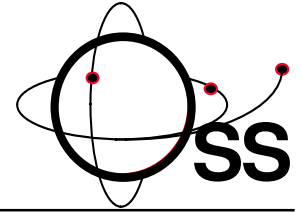
TPF Activities and Plans



- Four industry/university teams completed studies of alternatives to the TPF baseline formation flying interferometer concept
- OSS directed JPL to terminate the flight aspects of the StarLight Project,
- Six Technology/Flight projects selected from Extra-Solar Planets NRA-- recently five were selected to continue.
- New TPF Science Working Group selected by Headquarters--
 - Twenty member plus ESA representation
 - Membership will evolve
 - Second meeting next week.



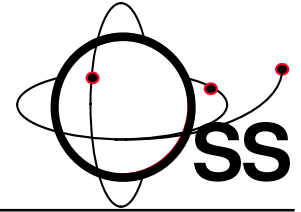
TPF Activities and Plans



- TPF project has developed technology roadmap that has been review by the Navigator program Independent Review Team.
 - Presentation to Code S EPMC on Thursday
- TPF Project will develop a science roadmap with the following objectives:
 - Determine what science questions must be answered before a TPF architecture can be selected.
 - Determining what science questions must be answered before TPF can fly
 - Determine when this must be known, and
 - How to acquire the knowledge.



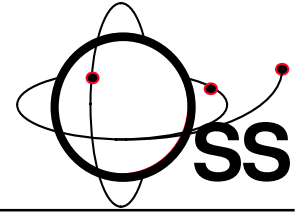
TPF Precursor Science



- Two elements to the precursor science program
 - Origins of Solar Systems funds from the R&A program
 - TPF Funds for “Science Roadmap”
- R&A funds are \$2.5M this year and will rise to \$3.4M next years.
 - This is probably too fast!
- TPF funds are scheduled to be 10% of Technology funds
 - About \$1M/year for Michelson Studentships and Fellowships
 - Remaining funds for precursor science.
- ROSS-03 will consolodate TPF & R&A funds



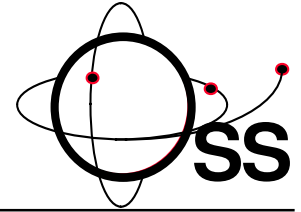
Strategic Planning



- Origins 2003 Roadmap Completed
- Input to OSS Strategic Plan well received at Code S Strategic planning meeting
 - Both Origins and SEU presented viable well thought out roadmaps
- Code S Strategic Plan due to SSAC in late Jan 03
 - Internal working Group is hard at work.
- Marc Allen will provide further details tomorrow



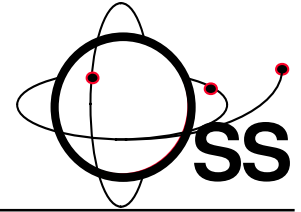
Astronomy/Physics Division



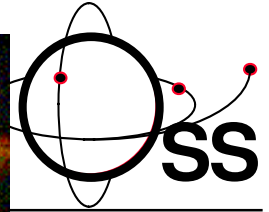
- Astronomy and Physics Working Group (APWG)
 - Second Meeting held in October 2002
 - Report by Doug Richstone
- Science Archives Working Group (SAWG)
 - First Meeting held in November 2002
 - Report by Bill Oegerle
- People: Hashima Hasan, IPAs Guenter Riegler



Explorers Update

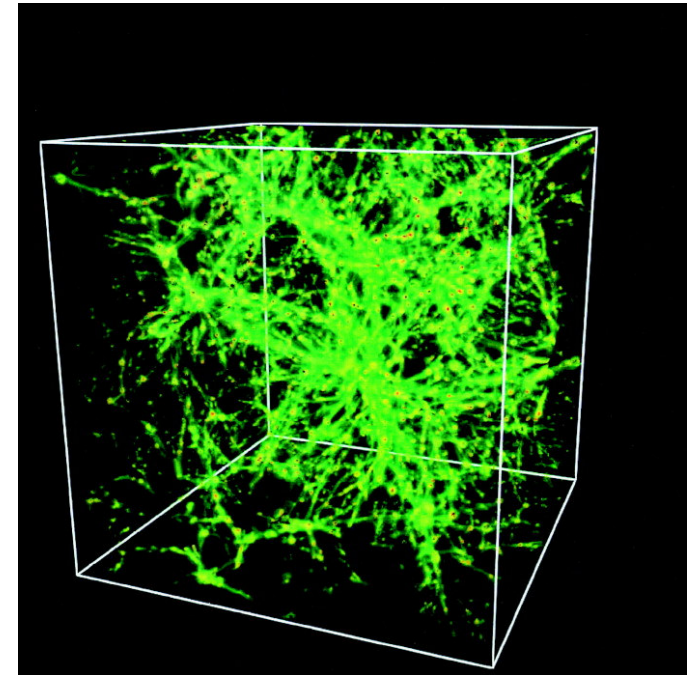


- MDEX Phase B selections are in progress(early CY2003).
- AstroBiology Explorer(ABE)= Origins Mission.
 - Scott Sanford from AMES is the PI
 - 60 cm cyrogenic spectroscopic mission.
 - Essentially does R~3000 science in the 2-20 micron region that SIRTf does not!
- NGSS(Next Generation Sky Surveyor)
 - Ned Wright UCLA is the PI
 - Precursor Science for JWST
- SPIDR selected for flight 2005.
 - SPIDR primary goal is to map the Cosmic Web.
 - SPIDR PI is Supriya Chakrabarti, Boston University.



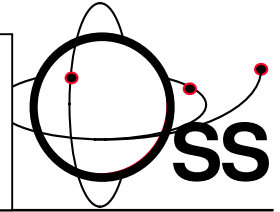
PI: Supriya Chakrabarti/Boston University
PM: Boston University
S/C: Draper
Major Partners: MIT, SpectrumAstro

- Measure and map the hot ($10^5 - 10^6$) gas found in the intergalactic medium where the hidden baryonic matter is believed to be.
- Test cosmic theories of the formation and evolution of the universe
- Test of major predictions of cosmological hydrodynamic simulations of the formation of both large-scale structure and individual galaxies
- Solve the mystery of the “missing” baryons predicted by standard models of Big Bang nucleosynthesis
- Determine the amount and physical properties of the hot plasma out to $z \sim 0.17$ (750 Mpc)





Explorer Update



SMEX 10/11

Draft AO released on August 12 for comment

AO release currently targeted for February 2003

Depends on Explorer budget

Selection for Phase A: approx October 2003

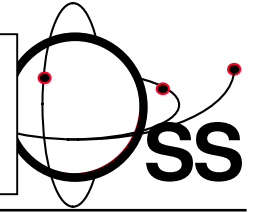
Downselection for Phase B: approx August 2004

Launch dates: February 2007, February 2008

<http://explorer.larc.nasa.gov/explorer/smexacq.html>



Explorer Update



SMEX 10/11

SMEX cost cap: \$100M (FY03)

Full TMC evaluation

Changes

- No Shuttle launch except to ISS

- NASA project must be managed by GSFC or JPL

- Proposer's checklist

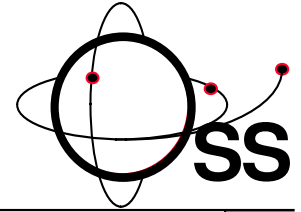
- GSFC engineering services in Stage 1

ISS policies still in flux

- Especially cost and schedule



EXPLORERS UPDATE



Select ~4 for Phase A, downselect to ~2 for flight
Science themes: SEC, ASO (including astrobiology), SEU
(including fundamental physics)

Complete Missions

- ELV free flyer

- ISS attached

- No Shuttle launch offered for free flyer

Cost Cap: \$100M (FY03)

- Includes ELV and NIAT increases

- Contributions limit: 33% of cost to OSS

Outside the Cap: Phase F

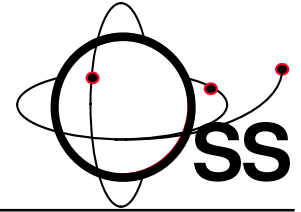
- Extended mission MO&DA

- Guest Investigator Program

- Archival data Analysis Program



EXPLORERS UPDATE



GSFC services offered

Stage 1: 40 hours of engineering

Stage 2/Phase A: project management or support

Focused services: S/C acquisition, ISS carrier, etc.

Evaluation Criteria:

Science Merit

Scientific Implementation Merit (formerly technical merit and feasibility of science implementation)

Technical, Management, and Cost Feasibility, including Cost Risk (formerly mission implementation approach including cost risk)

E/PO, Technology, SDB deferred to Phase A

E/PO commitment and outline required

Phase A Concept Study

Five months

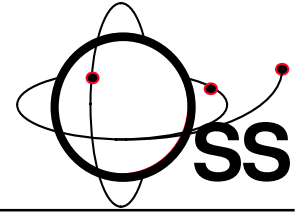
\$450K

Cost Growth

20% reserves required at confirmation



EXPLORERS UPDATE



Participation in non-OSS space program

Classic

International Space Station

Long Duration Balloon mission

Select zero or more for Phase A

Select for flight after \$250K funded concept study

Cost Cap: \$35M (FY03)

Also offer Phase F enhancement

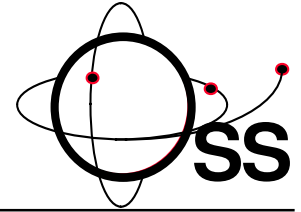
Commitment date:

NASA commitment required NLT 31 December 2005

No launch date requirement



UV/IR Ross 02 Results



- 37 of 99 proposals were selected for funding.
 - 16 were renewals
 - 2 were close-outs.
 - 19 were truly new.
- A total of 99 grants will be funded in FY03 including 2nd and 3rd years grants.
- Issue: UV rockets reaching the end of useful science capabilities.